### WRITTEN BRIEFING MEMORANDUM

**DATE:** January 15, 2013

SUBJECT: Cost of Building Public Restrooms

COUNCIL PRIORITY: Parks and Open Space

• Neighborhood Quality of Life

• Economic Health of City

• Sustainability

STAFF REPORT BY: Karen Halladay, Budget and Policy Analyst

AFFECTED COUNCIL DISTRICTS: ALL

BUDGET IMPACT General Fund (Capital Improvement

Projects) Impact

NOTICE REQUIREMENTS NOT APPLICABLE

#### **COUNCIL ACTION NEEDED**

During the 10-year Capital Facilities Plan discussions, the Council raised concerns and questions about the amount of funding requested for building restroom facilities. In response to the issues raised by the Council, the Administration has researched and prepared information regarding public restroom design options and costs.

After reviewing the information, the Council may choose to schedule a briefing with the Administration prior to developing the fiscal year 2013-14 Annual Budget, including the Capital Improvement Program (CIP) budget to provide feedback, including its expectations and policies about acceptable restroom design and costs.

#### **INFORMATION**

- Transmittal Dated November 15, 2012, including The City's Parks and Public Lands Divisions Costs of Building Restrooms. (See transmittal for additional details, including restroom design
  criteria and photos.)
  - The information collected and prepared by the Administration compares costs and features of the 1700 South River Park Restroom project with seven other restroom projects. Note: The Administration indicates, with the Council's support, they would to use the 1770 South restroom as the standard for most of its future restroom construction and replacement projects. The final cost could vary depending on the location, public demand and site considerations. In general, this design has been used a few times now and has worked well for public use and ongoing maintenance.

- o The lowest cost for a 4-room building was pre-fabricated ROMTEC in Roseburg, Oregon at \$149,293 while the highest option for a 4-room building was Restroom Facilities in Reno, Nevada at \$351,483.
- The average cost was \$208,934 and the American Ready Kontainer (re-purposed shipping containers) cost for a 4-room facility is \$217,750.
- o The City's 1700 South River Park project cost was \$158,264.
- Projects (1, 4 or 6 room(s) ADA) studied include restroom facilities located in: Oregon 2 types/locations, Washington, Kentucky, Nevada – 2 types, and Utah – American Ready Kontainer.
- **Sewer Connection Issues** Additional Information Provided by Administration Public Utilities provided information about restroom sewer connection requirements, if sewer connection is available, and other options if sewer connections are not available.
- Summary of Salt Lake City Restroom Project Costs Chart There are several cost components that factor into the amount of funding needed to build/replace restrooms. Additionally, each site has its own set of circumstances that need to be considered when designing and estimating building costs. The following chart is a summary of building cost components and how they are normally calculated.

| Cost Component  | Amount or Percentage   |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Masonry   | Actual Materials and Labor.  |  |  |
| Utility Services, Flatwork, and<br>Landscaping                    | Typically \$40,000 to \$60,000. However, if utilities exist and are usable, these costs could be less. |  |  |
| Permit Fees   | Usually 3% of construction costs.  |  |  |
| Impact Fees   | Usually 1% of construction costs.  |  |  |
| Design, Consultant Fees, and<br>Construction Administration Costs | Usually 18% to 20%.  |  |  |
| Special Inspections and Testing Costs                             | Usually 1.5% of construction costs.  |  |  |
| Construction Contingency  | Usually 10% of construction costs.   |  |  |
| Demolition (if replacing existing facility)                       | Actual   |  |  |

### SAUT'LAKE; CHTY CORPORATION

CITY COUNCIL TRANSMITTAL

Date Received: Date sent to Council:



DATE: November 15, 2012

TO:

Soren Simonsen, Chair

Salt Lake City Council

FROM:

Rick Graham

Director of Public Services

**SUBJECT:** Cost of Building Public Restrooms

STAFF /CONSULTANT CONTACT:

**Emy Maloutas** 

972-7804

Parks & Public Lands Director

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Briefing

RECOMMENDATION:

David Everitt, Chief of Staff

Current City Engineered Restrooms are Cost Effective

**BUDGET IMPACT:** 

N/A

BACKGROUND/DISCUSSION: Understanding that the City Council has questions and concerns about the costs of designing and building a public restroom, Parks & Public Lands conducted research to gather more information. We looked at multiple types of restrooms from concrete restrooms to pre-fabricated restrooms, like the Portland Loo to the current City engineered design that has been built at multiple locations throughout the City.

Attached is a PowerPoint presentation that shows the cost comparisons of the restrooms that were researched. We believe that this research verifies that the City designed restroom is among the most cost effective. We also believe the City's restroom design is further elevated above the others when maintenance standardization is considered.

We look forward to the opportunity to discuss this further in a work session. We realize there are options to consider.

Public Comment: None to date.

# Salt Lake City Corporation Parks and Public Lands Division

### **COSTS of BUILDING RESTROOMS**





### **2012 RESTROOM DESIGN CRITERIA REQUEST**

This is for a (1) room, (4) room, (6) room ADA, all with individual rooms, (multi-use rooms are not wanted) all to have small plumbing/storage chase. (4) and (6) buildings to have equal number of men, women rooms including, (1) ADA accessible.

- Building façade: CMU split face block with anti graffiti coating outside and epoxy finish on concrete floor, and anti graffiti finish on inside walls.
- Gable truss roof with metal standing seam roof, metal fascia, drip soffit.
- Doors: metal standard paint, with anti graffiti coating.
- Stainless steel toilets and urinals with auto flush.
- Stainless steel soap dispenser and hand dryer exterior mount.
- Stainless steel hand basin mounted on exterior wall with auto faucet and enclosed piping.
- Interior lights to be motion light sensitive activation.
- Exterior lighting to have light sensitive activation.
- Metal grab bars in ADA accessible rooms.
- 5' wide 4000 psi concrete walk continuous around building.
- 10-20 gallon hot water heater.

### 1700 South River Park Restroom Project

Site Address: 1150 West 1700 South

Project # 230512

Contractor: Chad Broderick Construction
Construction Started: November 30, 2009

Project Completed: June 14, 2010

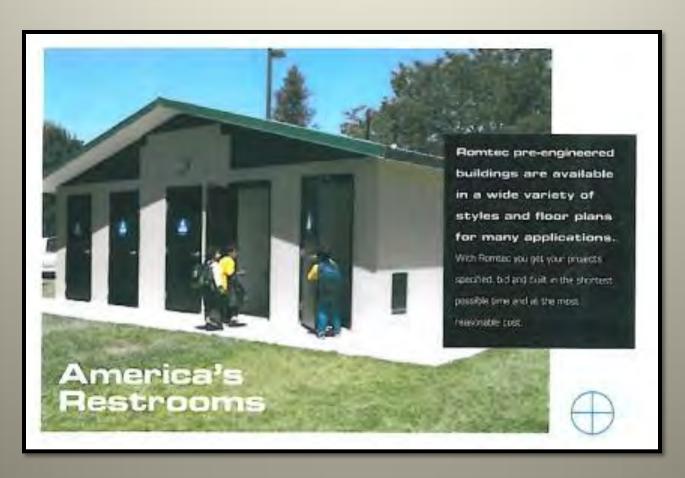


| (1) room   | (4) room         | (6) roon   | <u>1</u>  |
|------------|------------------|------------|---|
| N/A<br>N/A | 96,000<br>20,800 | N/A<br>N/A | Salt Lake City Building Construction Cost Salt Lake City site work/utility cost |
| N/A        | 3,504            | N/A        | permit fee – usually 3% of construction cost                                    |
| N/A        | 1,168            | N/A        | impact fee – usually 1% of construction cost                                    |
| N/A        | 1,752            | N/A        | special inspections and testing – usually 1.5% of construction cost             |
| N/A        | 23,360           | N/A        | admin/engineering – usually 18-20% of construction cost                         |
| N/A        | 11,680           | N/A        | contingency   |
| N/A        | 158,264          | N/A        | TOTAL   |

### ROMTEC, Inc.

Roseburg, Oregon

| (1) room | (4) room | <u>(6) room</u> |                          |
|----------|----------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| 33,671   | 84,903   | 127,385         | building vendor estimate |
| 30,000   | 30,000   | 30,000          | site work/utilities      |
| 12,600   | 22,900   | 31,400          | admin/engineering        |
| 6,300    | 11,490   | 15,738          | contingency              |
| 82,571   | 149,293  | 204,523         | TOTAL                    |



# CXT Concrete Buildings

Spokane, Washington

| (1) room | <u>(4) room</u> | (6) room |                          |
|----------|-----------------|----------|--------------------------|
| 35,559   | 128,470         | 72,930   | building vendor estimate |
| 25,000   | 25,000          | 25,000   | site work/utilities      |
| 12,000   | 30,600          | 19,400   | admin/engineering        |
| 6,055    | 15,300          | 9,700    | contingency              |
| 78,614   | 199,370         | 127,030  | * TOTAL                  |

\*Estimate was verified. Cost for a (6) room is less than a (4) room.





# Hunter Knepshield Co.

LaGrange, Kentucky

| (1) room | (4) room | (6) room |                          |
|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------|
| 49,002   | 109,566  | 140,952  | building vendor estimate |
| 30,000   | 30,000   | 30,000   | site work/utilities      |
| 9,800    | 27,800   | 34,000   | admin/engineering        |
| 4,900    | 13,900   | 17,095   | contingency              |
| 93,702   | 181,266  | 222,047  | TOTAL                    |





### Restroom Facilities Ltd

Reno, Nevada

| 148,460  | 351,483  | 491,646  | TOTAL                    |
|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------|
| 11,400   | 27,000   | 38,600   | contingency              |
| 22,800   | 54,000   | 77,000   | admin/engineering        |
| 30,000   | 30,000   | 30,000   | site work/utilities      |
| 84,260   | 240,483  | 346,046  | building vendor estimate |
| (1) room | (4) room | (6) room |                          |



# Public Restroom Company

Reno, Nevada

| 117,281  | 205,111  | 247,387         | TOTAL                    |
|----------|----------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| 9,000    | 15,800   | 19,000          | contingency              |
| 18,000   | 31,000   | 38,000          | admin/engineering        |
| 25,000   | 25,000   | 25,000          | site work/utilities      |
| 65,281   | 133,311  | 165,387         | building vendor estimate |
| (1) room | (4) room | <u>(6) room</u> |                          |



### Portland Loo

Portland, Oregon

| (1) room | (4) room | (6) room |                          |
|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------|
| 90,000   | N/A      | N/A      | building vendor estimate |
| 30,000   | N/A      | N/A      | site work/utilities      |
| 24,000   | N/A      | N/A      | admin/engineering        |
| 12,000   | N/A      | N/A      | contingency              |
| 156,000  | N/A      | N/A      | TOTAL                    |



## American Ready Kontainer

Salt Lake City, Utah

| (1) room | (4) room | (6) room |                          |
|----------|----------|----------|--------------------------|
| N/A      | 137,500  | N/A      | building vendor estimate |
| N/A      | 30,000   | N/A      | site work/utilities      |
| N/A      | 33,500   | N/A      | admin/engineering        |
| N/A      | 16,750   | N/A      | contingency              |
| N/A      | 217,750  | N/A      | TOTAL                    |





### Septic Tanks - Not a Viable Option

- Connection to an available sewer line is a requirement under SLVHD Regulation 13
   (<a href="http://www.slvhealth.org/envRegs/reg13wasteWaterDisp.html">http://www.slvhealth.org/envRegs/reg13wasteWaterDisp.html</a>) as well as Salt Lake City Ordinance 17.36.180. The ability of the local Community to require connection to the sewer when it is available within 300 feet, is delegated in Utah State Municipal Code 10-8-38 (2)(a)(i).( <a href="http://le.utah.gov/code/TITLE10/htm/10">http://le.utah.gov/code/TITLE10/htm/10</a> 08 003800.htm#)
- Enforcement of this requirement supports public health and the health of the environment. The installation of alternate sewerage facilities where there is a public system available is really directly opposed to the intentions of the Safe and Clean Water Acts as the potential for pollution and spread of disease increases. In a developed urban area sewage must be properly addressed to protect the public.
- In areas that are not served by a public sewer line or the line is greater than 300 feet away, SLVHD wastewater Regulation 13 has an option to install a septic tank and drain field assuming the property can accommodate the facility and meets all the requirements, as listed in Utah Administrative Code R317-4. Location for this type of system is critical. In our community we have a source protection overlay zoning ordinance, 21 A.34.060, that does not allow a septic drain field to be installed in a primary recharge area, or in a well head protection zone, without approval. A septic tank and drain field is not a worry free system. It requires maintenance and has the potential to be a contamination source for ground and surface water resources. Installing a septic tank and drain field is not a recommended route.
- In remote areas, such as City Creek Canyon, where no sewer is available and the installation of septic drain fields is not allowed, a sealed vault may be a viable option, however, vaults are required to be routinely pumped out so there must be access to the facility for maintenance. This means a pumper truck must be able to reach the facility year round. In a park situation the level of usage may vary so pumping frequency may also. Overflows of a sealed vault is a major liability. SLVHD does not look at vaults as viable for long term usage, except in remote locations.

Information source: Florence Reynolds, Water Quality and Treatment Administrator - Salt Lake City Public Utilities

### **TOTAL COST SUMMARY 2012**

### BY VENDOR

|  | <u>(1) room</u> | <u>(4) room</u> | <u>(6) room</u> |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Salt Lake City Engineering ( 2009/2010 Project # 230512) | N/A             | 158,264         | N/A             |
| ROMTEC, Inc.   | 82,571          | 149,293         | 204,523         |
| CXT Concrete Buildings                                   | 78,614          | 199,370         | 127,030*        |
| Hunter Knepshield Co.                                    | 92,702          | 181,266         | 222,047         |
| Restroom Facilities Ltd.                                 | 148,460         | 351,483         | 491,646         |
| Public Restroom Company                                  | 117,281         | 205,111         | 247,387         |
| The Portland Loo   | 156,000         | N/A             | N/A             |
| American Ready Kontainer                                 | N/A             | 217,750         | N/A             |

<sup>\*</sup>Estimate was verified – cost for a (6) room is less than a (4) room.

### VENDORS INCLUDED IN COST REVIEW

Design criteria and picture of 1700 South River Park project was reviewed for estimates

#### ROMTEC, Inc.

Contact: Ryan Smith/Sales Manager 18240 N Bank Road Roseburg, Oregon 97470 541-496-3541

#### **Hunter Knepshield Co.**

Contact: Tom Knepshield jr./Owner P.O. Box 499
LaGrange, KY 40031
800-626-6530

### **Public Restroom Company**

Contact: Kelly Ellis/ Project Manager 9390 Gateway Dr Reno, Nevada 89521 888-888-2060

#### **American Ready Kontainer**

Contact: Jeff White 801-554-5798

#### **CXT Concrete Building**

Contact: Kurt Mee/Sales Manager 3808 North Sullivan Road, Building 7 Spokane, Washington 99216 800-696-5766

#### **Restroom Facilities Ltd**

Contact: Johanna 400 Western Road Reno, Nevada 89506 800-447-6570 Ex#100

#### The Portland Loo

Contact: Anne Hill/City of Portland 1120 SW 5<sup>th</sup> Ave, Room 600 Portland, Oregon 97204-1926 503-823-4807

### **Salt Lake City Engineering**

801-535-7961

### Latest Trends in Restroom Structures

- Individual stall designs which provide space more fully private and discourages illicit activities.
- ADA/Family stalls for "opposite sex caregivers."
- External sinks maximizes public spaces while keeping the private spaces fully private.
- Electronic surveillance that discourages vandalism and violence.
- Automatic magnetic door locks.
- Antimicrobial finishes containing colloidal silver ions on toilet seats; door handles and grab bars to prevent the spread of germs.
- Low-flow and no-flush fixtures
- Solar Panels

Is there interest in applying any of these latest trends to our restrooms in the future?

# Questions